Presentation to Parent School Partnership Parents

How to Make Sense of Student Achievement Data



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Presented by:

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Agenda

- 1. Context to Standards-Based Learning
- 2. Standardized Tests
- 3. Accountability
- 4. Beyond Accountability



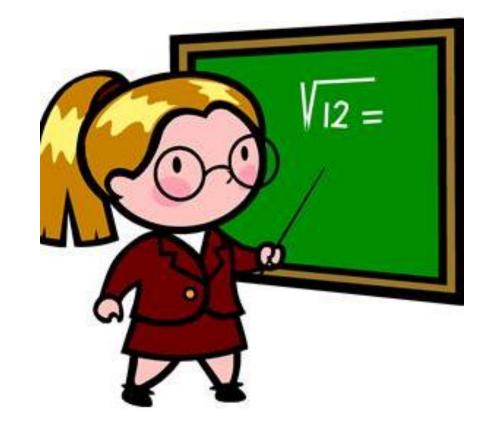
CONTEXT



Why do my students take more standardized tests in school than I did?

Context to Standards-Based Learning

- National standards movement
 - Spurred by A Nation at Risk (1983)
- Adoption of CA state content standards
 - Began in late 1990s
- Common Core Standards and Assessments (forthcoming)



Standards: What is Taught

What are academic standards?

 Public statements about what all students should know and be able to do in academic subjects.

Why do we need standards in schools?

- Creates fair, open, and public understanding about what all students should know and be able to do.
- Historically, different expectations were created for different students.



Example of CA
ELA Content
Standard

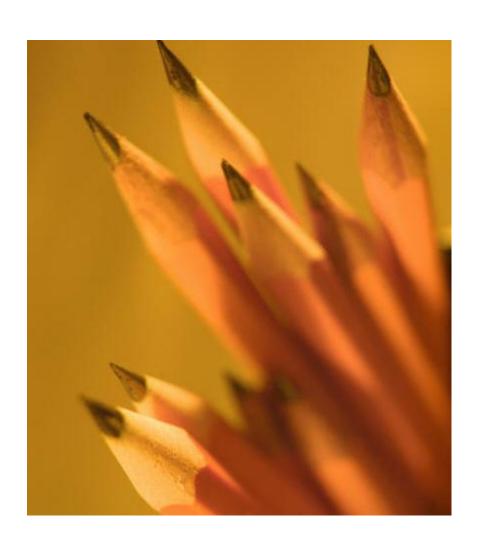
READING

1.0 Word Analysis, Fluency, and Systematic Vocabulary Development Students know about letters, words, and sounds. They apply this knowledge to read simple sentences.

Concepts About Print

- 1.1 Identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.
- 1.2 Follow words from left to right and from top to bottom on the printed page.
- 1.3 Understand that printed materials provide information.
- 1.4 Recognize that sentences in print are made up of separate words.
- 1.5 Distinguish letters from words.
- 1.6 Recognize and name all uppercase and lowercase letters of the alphabet.

FAQs about Standards



- 1. Who sets academic standards?
- 2. How can we help students who are behind not fall further behind?
- 3. Won't standards force all students into the same mold?

STANDARDIZED TESTS



How do students demonstrate they are learning standards?

California Standards Tests (CST) are the end-of-course standardized tests that all CA students take

- Annual, end-of course standardized test measures how students are performing on California's grade-level academic content standards
- Students' test results are divided into 5 performance levels:
 - Advanced: superior knowledge, comprehensive and complex understanding
 - 2. Proficient: solid performance, competent understanding (think "at grade level")
 - **3. Basic**: limited understanding, partial knowledge
 - **4. Below Basic**: lack of performance
 - **5.** Far Below Basic: little or flawed understanding
- What information do parents receive?

Sample Test Question – 4th Grade ELA

Word Analysis, Fluency, and Systematic Vocabulary Development (<u>Performance Level</u>: Proficient) — Question 03

Which of these is a synonym for the word harm?

- A accuse
- B mend
- C protect
- D damage

Content standard being tested:

Reading Reporting Category: Word Analysis, Fluency, and Systematic Vocabulary Development

Vocabulary and Concept Development

1.2 Vocabulary and Concept Development: apply knowledge of word origins, derivations, synonyms, antonyms, and idioms to determine the meaning of words and phrases.

Results

- A. 10% of students gave this response.
- B. 9% of students gave this response.
- C. 15% of students gave this response.
- D. 66% of students gave this response. (Correct Response)

Note: Percentages may not total 100 due to rounding.

Questions parents can ask when they receive their child's CST score report



- Are your child's scores on the CST consistent with the grades your child is receiving in class?
- 2. What standards does your child need additional support with?
- 3. How is the school helping your child improve?

Standardized Tests: How to Access CST Data



STAR Reporting » 2010 STAR » Test Results Search

View Report

2010 STAR Test Results

Download Research File

Test Results Search

Choose your county, district, and/or school and desired group/subgroup

Accessing CST Data, cont.

2010 STAR Test Results

2

View your report

Fresno Unified District

All Students - California Standards Test Scores

County Name: Fresno County

District Name: Fresno Unified District

School Name: ----

CDS Code: 10-62166-0000000

Total Enrollment on First Day of Testing: 55,291

Total Number Tested: 54,868

Total Number Tested in Selected Subgroup: 54,868

Note: The first row in each table contains numbers 2 through 11 which represent Grade 2 through Grade 11 respectively. Additionally, EOC stands for End-of-Course.

An asterisk (*) appears on the Internet reports to protect student privacy when ten or fewer students had valid test scores.

Reported Enrollment

Result Type	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	EOC
Reported Enrollment	5,875	5,837	5,598	5,755	5,596	5,406	5,437	5,471	5,207	5,109	

CST English-Language Arts

Result Type	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	EOC
Students Tested	5,834	5,405	5,130	5,190	5,064	4,896	4,976	5,154	5,021	4,887	
% of Enrollment	99.3 %	92.6 %	91.6 %	90.2 %	90.5 %	90.6 %	91.5 %	94.2 %	96.4 %	95.7 %	
Students with Scores	5,815	5,396	5,125	5,181	5,058	4,883	4,957	5,140	5,008	4,879	
Mean Scale Score	338.1	323.3	345.2	339.2	340.3	331.7	334.1	333.9	321.5	313.5	
% Advanced	14 %	10 %	22 %	14 %	13 %	11 %	16 %	13 %	12 %	10 %	
% Proficient	27 %	21 %	25 %	29 %	28 %	27 %	21 %	26 %	19 %	16 %	
% Basic	29 %	33 %	28 %	33 %	36 %	32 %	34 %	31 %	32 %	29 %	
% Below Basic	16 %	21 %	16 %	14 %	16 %	17 %	17 %	18 %	18 %	21 %	
% Far Below Basic	13 %	15 %	10 %	10 %	6 %	13 %	12 %	12 %	19 %	23 %	

CST Mathematics

Result Type	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	EOC
Students Tested	5,818	5,433	5,185	5,229	5,089	4,348					
% of Enrollment	99.0 %	93.1 %	92.6 %	90.9 %	90.9 %	80.4 %					
Students with Scores	5,792	5,413	5,171	5,219	5,078	4,328					

California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE) is the standardized test all CA students must pass to graduate high school

- Beginning with the Class of 2006, all students in CA must pass the CAHSEE to earn a diploma
- Tests English Language Arts standards through 10th grade, and math standards from 6th and 7th grade and Algebra I.
 - To pass the CAHSEE, students must get 60% of ELA and 55% of math questions correct
 - Students are tested in 10th grade and have up to 7 times to pass during high school



Sample Math Test Question - CAHSEE

The price of a calculator has decreased from \$12.00 to \$9.00. What is the percentage of decrease?

- **A** 3%
- **B** 25%
- C 33%
- **D** 75%

7NS1.6 Calculate the percentage of increases and decreases of a quantity.

Mathematical Solution

- $\frac{12-9}{12}$ 100 =
- $\frac{3}{12}$ •100 =
- $\frac{1}{4}$ •100 =
- 25
- Therefore, the correct answer is **B**.

Descriptive Solution

A price change from \$12 down to \$9 is a net decrease of \$3. To find the percentage of decrease (or percentage of increase), the base is always the original or starting number, in this case \$12. So, the correct percentage of decrease is $3 \div 12 = 25\%$, choice **B**. Notice that $3 \div 9 = 33\%$, option C, is not correct because \$9 is the ending price, not the starting price.

ACCOUNTABILITY



In what ways are schools and districts held responsible for how students perform on standardized tests?

State and Federal Accountability

State Accountability

- Public Schools
 Accountability Act
 (1999)
 - Primary goal is "to help schools improve and to measure the academic achievement of all students"

Federal Accountability

- Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA) / No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act (2001)
 - To receive federal dollars, states must develop their own standards and assessments to measure student achievement

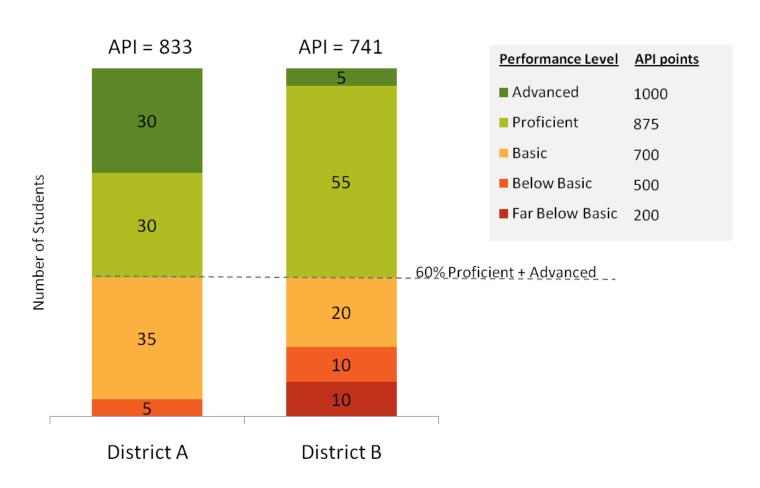
Accountability systems hold schools and districts accountable for **all** students learning standards, as demonstrated through standardized testing.

How are schools and districts held accountable to the **state**?

Academic Performance Index (API)

- API is calculated using scores from CSTs in math, English, science, social science, and CAHSEE
- API is a single number on a scale of 200-1000, with the statewide target of 800
- Districts, schools, and all subgroups of students are held accountable to **growth** on the API.

Illustration of two districts with very different API scores but the same hypothetical proficient and advanced rate on a California Standards Test exam



TYPES OF SUBGROUPS FOR API

Race/Ethnicity*	C
* Data on race/ethnicity is NOT	
further disaggregated by	
subgroups (e.g., Vietnamese,	
Samoan, Puerto Rican). The only	
exception is in CST data.	

. . /Fil. . . ! . ! . . *

CDE Categories:

- American Indian or Alaskan Native
- o Asian
- o Pacific Islander
- o Filipino
- Hispanic or Latino
- o African-American
- White (not Hispanic)

Special Education

Students with Individualized Education Plans (IEPs) who are receiving Special Education services within the district or state (no school-level data is available). Disabilities include: Specific Learning Disability, Speech and Language Impairment, Autism, Emotional Disturbance, and others.

English Learners (ELs): Report a primary language other than English and lack English language skills in

listening comprehension, speaking, reading, and writing necessary to succeed in the school's instructional

English Language Learner (ELL or EL)

program. Fluent-English-Proficient (FEP): Students whose primary language is other than English and who have met the district criteria for determining proficiency in English EL Students Re-designated to FEP (RFEP): Students are re-designated when they, according to multiple district-specified criteria (CELDT, CST scores, teacher evaluation, parent consultation), demonstrate English language proficiency

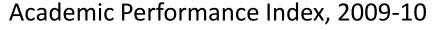
Socioeconomically **Disadvantaged**

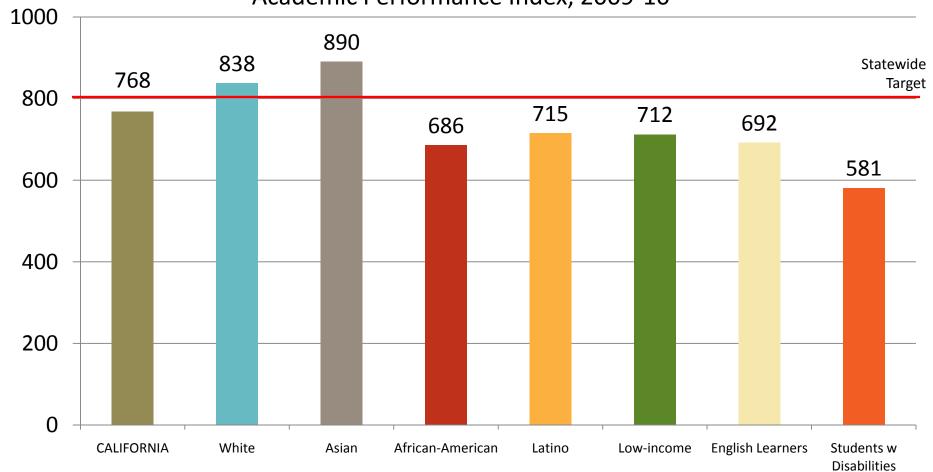
CDE SES Categories:

Economically Disadvantaged

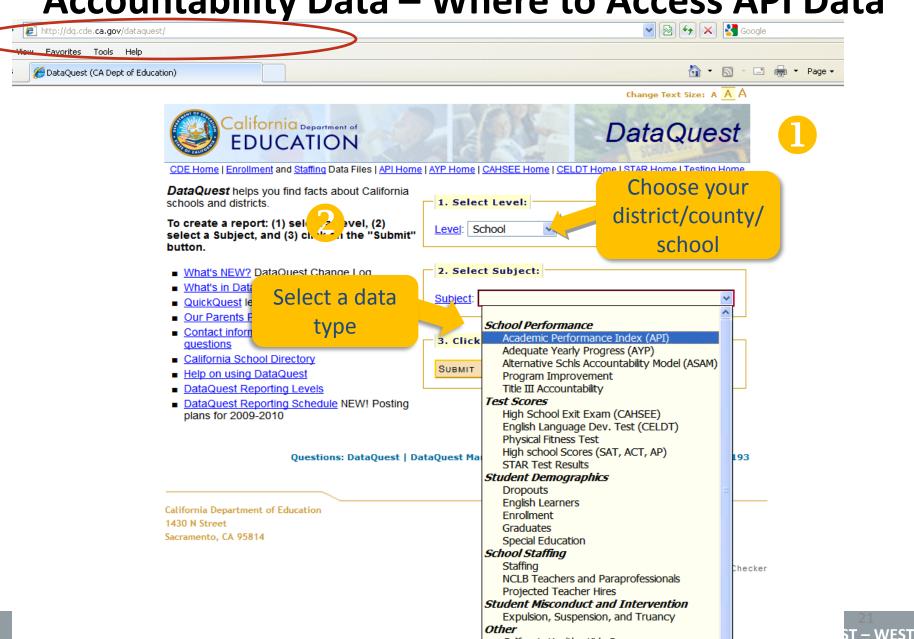
"Economically Disadvantaged" enrollment figures are calculated using student eligibility for the Free or Reduced Price Meal Program, which is based on the income of the child's parent or guardian.

Performance on the API Varies by Subgroup





Accountability Data – Where to Access API Data



California Healthy Kids Survey

Accessing API Data, cont.



API School Level Reports

Enter a Portion of the School Name - press submit to continue

Type a portion of the name then press the "Submit" button.

Yosemite Middle

SUBMIT



- Academic Performance Index (API) Report -

Last update: September 16, 2010

Select Agency:

YOSEMITE MIDDLE

-- FRESNO UNIFIED -- 1062166-6061204

Select Report

- 2010 Growth API Report (Includes ASAM schools)
- 2009 Base API Report School Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2009 Base API Report List of 100 Similar Schools
- 2009 Growth API Report (Includes ASAM schools)
- 2008 Base API Report School Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2008 Base API Report List of 100 Similar Schools
- 2008 Growth API Report (Includes ASAM schools)
- 2007 Base API Report School Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2007 Base API Report List of 100 Similar Schools
- 2007 Growth API Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2006 Base API Report School Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2006 Base API Report List of 100 Similar Schools
- 2006 API Growth Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2005 API Base Report School Report (Includes ASAM Schools)
- 2005 API Base Report List of 100 Similar Schools
- 2004-05 API Growth Report (Includes ASAM Schools)

Submit

Accessing API Data, cont.

State Accountability: Academic Performance Index (API) Number API Met Growth Target of Students included in the Both 2010 Schoolwide Growth 2009-10 2009-10 and API 2010 Growth 2009 Base **Growth Target** Schoolwide All Subgroups Subgroups Growth 542 620 577 11 43 Yes Yes Yes

Similar Schools Report

Similar Schools

Median API

2010 2009 Growth Base 666 648 Click on the median value heading to link to the list of 2009 Base API similar schools. This list contains schools which were selected specifically for the reported school for the 2009 Base API Report.

Subgroups				Subgro	up API		
	Number of Students Included in 2010 API	Numerically Significant in Both Years	2010 Growth	2009 Base	2009-10 Growth Target	2009-10 Growth	Met Subgroup Growth Target
Black or African American	23	No					
American Indian or Alaska Native	5	No					
Asian	115	Yes	714	651	7	63	Yes
Filipino	1	No					
Hispanic or Latino	394	Yes	589	562	12	27	Yes
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	No					
White	3	No					
Two or More Races	1	No					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	542	Yes	620	577	11	43	Yes
English Learners	386	Yes	609	563	12	46	Yes
Students with Disabilities	67	No					

How are schools and districts held accountable to the **feds**?

Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP)

- Schools, districts, and the state must make "Adequate Yearly Progress" (AYP) in English-Language Arts and Math
- To make AYP, the following must be achieved: (1) 95% participation rate, (2) annual objectives in English and Math must be met for all subgroups (using CST and CAHSEE), (3) API score must increase, (4) graduation rate must increase
- Goal: Every child will reach proficiency by 2014

Program Improvement (PI) Timeline

Two years of missed AYP



School Improvement Year 1

• School choice

Miss AYP



School Improvement Year 2

- School choice
- Supplemental educational services

After this point, a school must make AYP for 2 years to exit School Improvement



Restructuring (Fifth Year)

 Restructuring takes place (e.g. charter, replace staff, state takeover, governance change) Miss AYP



Restructuring (Fourth Year)

- School choice
- Supplemental educational services
- Restructuring (planning year)

Miss AYP



Corrective Action (Third Year)

- School choice
- Supplemental educational services
- "Corrective Action" (i.e. school changes)

Other Turnaround Options

School Improvement Grants

(1) Charter conversion, (2) school closure, (3) turnaround, or (4) transformation

"Parent Trigger"

 Parents can petition to have school enter one of the 4 turnaround options

Breakout Activity

In groups of 2-3, discuss the following sets of graphs. Here are some questions to get you started:

- How do the API scores differ by subgroup within your district? How do they compare to other districts?
- Do some students do better/worse than others?
- How do Latino students perform on the CST? How does this change over time? By grade level?
- How can you use this data to inform an advocacy campaign?

Four ways to interpret achievement data...

- 1. Overall Achievement: What percentage of students are meeting state proficiency standards?
- 2. Subgroup Achievement: What percentage of students (by race/ethnicity, income, disability, and English proficiency) meet state standards?
- **3. Gap Analysis:** What performance differences exist between subgroups?
- **4. Trend Analysis:** Has achievement changed from the previous year(s)? Have gaps closed over time?

BEYOND ACCOUNTABILITY



How well are California's high school students prepared for college and career?

Why is it important for students to be prepared for college and career?

- In 1950, 60% of jobs were filled by unskilled workers, but by 2005, just 14% of jobs fell into this category.
- College grads on average earn far more annually:
 - College diploma: \$56,788
 - High school diploma: \$31,071
 - No high school diploma: \$20,873
- During the current downturn, high school graduates are more than twice as likely as college graduates to be unemployed, and high school dropouts are faring even worse—one out of every five is unemployed.

How do you know students are taking rigorous high school coursework?

UC/CSU "A-G" Requirements



	Subject	Requirement
A	History/Social Science	2 years (1 year World History, 1 year US History or ½ year US History & ½ year Civics)
В	English	4 years
С	Math	3 years, 4 years recommended (Algebra, Geometry, Algebra II)
D	Science	2 years, 3 years recommended (Biology, Chemistry, and/or Physics)
E	World Language	2 years (same language), 3 years recommended
F	Visual/Performing Arts	1 year
G	College Prep Elective	1 year

Source:

Early Assessment Program (EAP) provides 11th graders a preview of college-readiness

- Implemented in 2004 by the California State
 University (CSU) system, in partnership with the
 State Board of Education (SBE) and CDE
 - EAP is much more rigorous than the CAHSEE

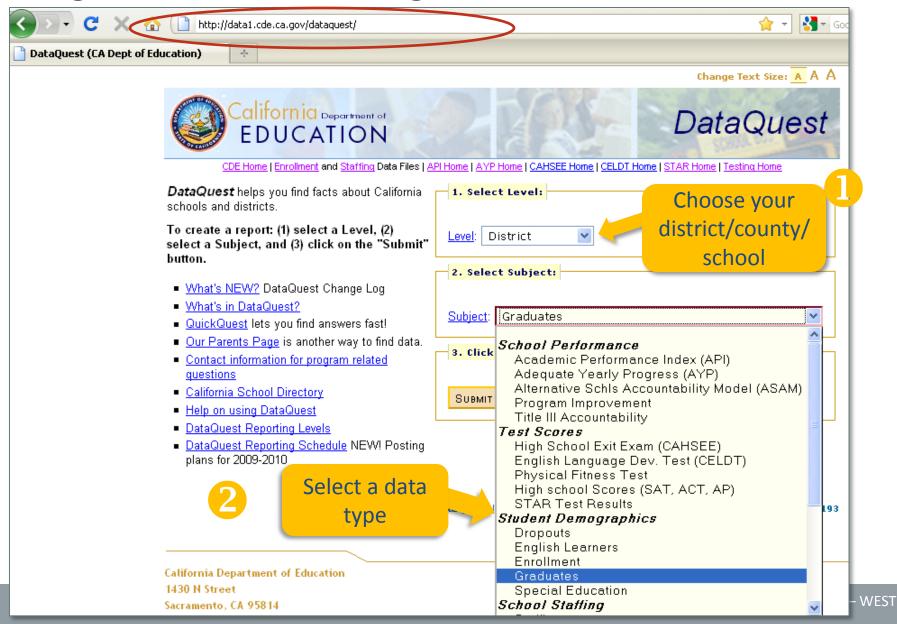
Benefits:

- Provide opportunities for students to measure their readiness for college-level English and mathematics in the 11th grade
- Make the senior year a time for more direct and specific preparation for college

Other measures of college readiness

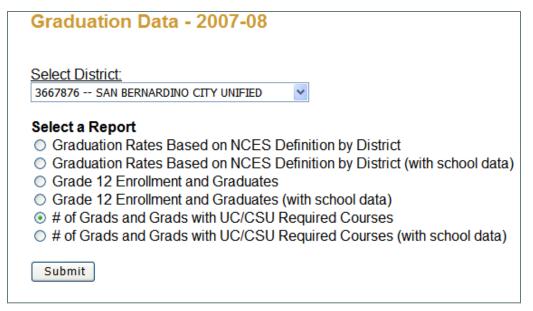
Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT)	American College Testing (ACT)
 Assesses reading, writing, and math 	•Assesses reading, writing, math, and science
• Each section is worth 800 points	•Each test is scored on a scale of 1-36
Almost all colleges and universities in the US use the SAT as one factor when making admissions decisions	Almost all colleges and universities in the US use the ACT as one factor when making admissions decisions

College Readiness/H.S. Rigor – How to Access A-G Data



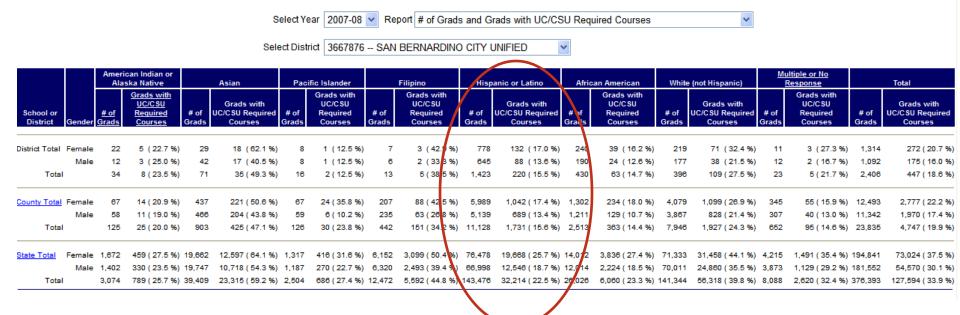
Accessing A-G Data, cont.



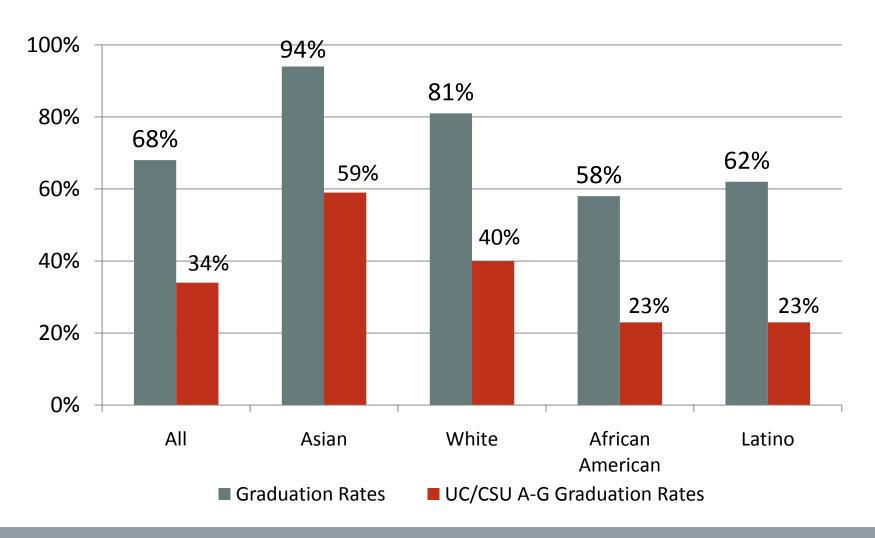


Accessing A-G Data, cont.

12th Grade Graduates Completing all Courses Required for UC and/or CSU Entrance



California High School Graduation Rates and A-G Graduation Rates, by Ethnicity, 2008



College persistence and outcomes Questions to ask about how students are faring

- Are students entering remedial courses in college?
- Are students in community colleges transferring to four-year colleges?
- Are students who start college completing a degree (e.g. AA, BA)?
- Are students attending colleges with a track record of success?

College Results Online (CRO): What is it?

What is College Results Online (CRO)?

1. CRO is an interactive, user-friendly web tool designed to help counselors, parents, and students find information about college graduation rates for nearly any four-year college or university in the country.

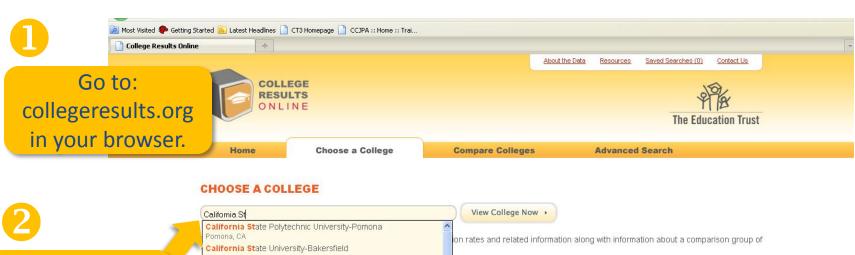
What kind of information does CRO provide?

- 1. Examine colleges' graduation rates, and see how those rates have changed over time.
- 2. Compare graduation rates of similar colleges serving similar students.
- 3. Learn about colleges' track records in graduating diverse groups of students.

www.collegeresults.org

Accessing CRO

www.collegeresults.org



Start typing in the name of a college



College Results Online
Databank / Reporting Tool Developed by WebFirst
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TERMS OF USE | CONTACT US

THANK YOU!

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